
Fakturownia Documentation

Release 0.2.1

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CHAPTER 1

Fakturownia

Python client library for the Fakturownia API

Quickstart

Running Tests

Help wanted

Credits

1.1 Features

- Invoice CRUD plus *send_by_email* and ‘mark_paid’
- EU member states VAT rate helpers for B2C transactions
- ApiClient CRUD
- Payments CRUD
- Products CRUD
- Warehouse documents CRUD
- Accounts management

Please refer to the [fakturownia APIs](#) for full API features

1.2 Quickstart

Install Fakturownia

```
pip install fakturownia python
```

Play with [fakturownia APIs](#) in python interpreter:

```
>>> import os
>>> os.environ.get('FAKTUROWNIA_API_TOKEN', 'Missing key')
'...'
>>> from fakturownia import get_api_client
>>> api = get_api_client()
>>> invoice = api.invoices.create(
...     seller_name='Kabaret Starszych Panów',
...     buyer_name='Odrażający drab',
...     positions=[{
...         'name': 'Smolna szczapa',
...         'quantity': 5,
...         'total_price_gross': 7.33,
...     }],
... )
>>> invoice.view_url
'...'
```

This instance is only partially updated as `create` returns only subset of data properties, to get all we need to update our instance.

If you have payments enabled you can call `get` to fetch all data and check `payment_url`:

```
>>> invoice.get()
<fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice object at 0x...>
>>> invoice.payment_url
'...'
```

We can mark this invoice as paid:

```
>>> invoice.mark_paid()
<fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice object at 0x...>
```

You can chain your calls:

```
>>> invoice.put(buyer_email='kominek@niepodam.pl').send_by_email()
<fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice object at 0x...>
```

You can play and test your scenarios with factories:

```
pip install fakturownia[factories]
python
```

Now you can do this:

```
>>> from fakturownia.factories import InvoiceFactory
>>> InvoiceFactory(api_client='<your api key here>', kind='proforma').post().get().
    payment_url
'...'
```

Also checkout VAT tax normalization based on EU country specific VAT rates:

```
>>> InvoiceFactory(
...     api_client=api,
...     seller_country='PL',
...     buyer_country='DE',
...     buyer_tax_no=None,
... ).normalize_vat().post().view_url
'...'
```

Neat! :)

1.3 Running Tests

Does the code actually work?

```
pipenv install --dev
pipenv shell
tox
```

We recommend using `pipenv` but a legacy approach to creating virtualenv and installing requirements should also work. Please install `requirements/base.txt` and `requirements/development.txt` to setup virtual env for testing and development.

1.4 Help wanted

This library is not yet complete. It does what was needed by up to date contributors, but more can be done. You can implement new api endpoints and write test for them, it's actually straightforward and new classes will be simple, but tests need some effort. We are lazy test writers and because we don't want to compromise coverage so we postponed new apis until someone would want to write test.

If want to help please refer to the [contributing section](#) in the docs for more info.

1.5 Credits

This package was created with [Cookiecutter](#) and the [wooyek/cookiecutter-pylib](#) project template.

CHAPTER 2

Installation

2.1 Stable release

To install Fakturownia, run this command in your terminal:

```
$ pip install fakturownia
```

This is the preferred method to install Fakturownia, as it will always install the most recent stable release.

If you don't have `pip` installed, this Python installation [guide](#) can guide you through the process.

2.2 From sources

You can either clone the public repository:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:wooyek/fakturownia-python.git
```

Or download the download source from [project website](#). Once you have a copy of the source, you can install it with:

```
$ python setup.py install
```


CHAPTER 3

Usage

To use Fakturownia in a project:

```
import fakturownia
```


CHAPTER 4

[Api docs](#)

4.1 fakturownia package

4.1.1 Submodules

4.1.2 fakturownia.base module

```
class fakturownia.base.BaseEndpoint(api_client)
    Bases: object

    create(**kwargs)

class fakturownia.base.BaseModel(api_client, **kwargs)
    Bases: object

    delete()
    get()
    get_endpoint(extra="")
    get_raw_data()
    post(**kwargs)
    prepare_post_data(**kwargs)
    put(**kwargs)
    update_data(**kwargs)
```

4.1.3 fakturownia.cli module

4.1.4 fakturownia.core module

```
class fakturownia.core.ApiClient(api_token, base_url=None, request_timeout=10)
Bases: object
```

Fakturownia API client

Here is an example of how to create an invoice. But first make sure you have set *FAKTUROWNIA_API_TOKEN* environment variable.

```
>>> import os
>>> os.environ.get('FAKTUROWNIA_API_TOKEN', 'Missing key')
'...'
>>> from fakturownia import get_api_client
>>> api = get_api_client()
>>> invoice = api.invoices.create(
...     seller_name='Kabaret Starszych Panów',
...     buyer_name='Odważający drab',
...     positions=[{
...         'name': 'Smolna szczapa',
...         'quantity': 5,
...         'total_price_gross': 7.33,
...     }],
... )
```

This instance is only partially updated as create returns only subset of data properties, to get all we need to update our instance.

This shows payment_url but only if you have payments enabled.

```
>>> invoice.get()
<fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice object at 0x...>
>>> invoice.payment_url
'...'
```

We can mark this invoice as paid.

```
>>> invoice.mark_paid()
<fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice object at 0x...>
```

You can chain your calls

```
>>> invoice.put(buyer_email='kominek@niepodam.pl').send_by_email()
<fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice object at 0x...>
```

```
base_url
build_headers(items=None)
build_payload(data=None)
delete(endpoint, data=None, headers=None)
get(endpoint, data=None, headers=None)
post(endpoint, data=None, headers=None)
put(endpoint, data=None, headers=None)
```

```
request(method, endpoint, params=None, payload=None, headers=None)
request_factory(*args, **kwargs)
validate_response(response)

fakturownia.core.get_api_client()
    Factory function for Fakturownia API client with configuration options taken from environment
        Returns ApiClient instance
```

4.1.5 fakturownia.endpoints module

```
class fakturownia.endpoints.Client(api_client, **kwargs)
    Bases: fakturownia.base.BaseModel

        create_invoice(**kwargs)

class fakturownia.endpoints.Clients(api_client)
    Bases: fakturownia.base.BaseEndpoint

        model
            alias of Client

class fakturownia.endpoints.DateProperty(name)
    Bases: object

class fakturownia.endpoints.Invoice(api_client, **kwargs)
    Bases: fakturownia.base.BaseModel

        issue_date
        mark_paid()
        normalize_vat(default_rate=None, intra_eu_vat_rate='np')
            This is a common business logic that maybe helpful in handling EU to EU invoicing

        payment_to
        sell_date
        send_by_email()
        set_tax_on_positions(rate)

class fakturownia.endpoints.Invoices(api_client)
    Bases: fakturownia.base.BaseEndpoint

        model
            alias of Invoice
```

4.1.6 fakturownia.exceptions module

```
exception fakturownia.exceptions.ClientException(message, data=None, *args)
    Bases: fakturownia.exceptions.FakturowniaException

    Base client exception with data attribute

exception fakturownia.exceptions.FakturowniaException
    Bases: Exception

exception fakturownia.exceptions.HttpException(message, response, data=None, *args)
    Bases: fakturownia.exceptions.ClientException
```

4.1.7 fakturownia.factories module

4.1.8 fakturownia.settings module

Utilities for settings loading

Since envparse modifies os.environ on while loading .env files we need and alternate solution that wont't touch os.environ by default.

`fakturownia.settings.get_default_env_file()`

Returns secrets.env from project root, should not be used outside testing

`fakturownia.settings.get_env_from_file(path)`

`fakturownia.settings.get_key_from_file(env_file=None)`

This is a utility to ease testing with secrets.env file present or not

`fakturownia.settings.parse_env(content)`

4.1.9 Module contents

Top-level package for Fakturownia.

CHAPTER 5

Contributing

Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given. You can contribute in many ways:

5.1 Types of Contributions

5.1.1 Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/wooyek/faktuownia-python/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

5.1.2 Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

5.1.3 Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “enhancement” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

5.1.4 Write Documentation

Fakturownia could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official Fakturownia docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such.

5.1.5 Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/wooyek/fakturownia-python/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

5.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here's how to set up *fakturownia-python* for local development.

1. Fork the *fakturownia-python* repo on github.com
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone git@github.com:your_name_here/fakturownia-python.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have virtualenvwrapper installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv fakturownia-python
$ cd fakturownia-python/
$ python setup.py develop
```

4. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

5. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:

```
$ flake8 src tests
$ tox -e check
$ pytest
$ tox
```

To get flake8 and tox, just pip install them into your virtualenv.

6. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

7. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

5.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a docstring, and add the feature to the list in README.rst.
3. The pull request should work for Python versions mentioned in tox.ini file. Check https://travis-ci.org/wooyek/fakturownia-python/pull_requests and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

5.4 Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ py.test tests/test_*
```


CHAPTER 6

Credits

6.1 Development Lead

- @wooyek: Janusz Skonieczny <js+pypi@bravelabs.pl>

6.2 Contributors

None yet. Why not be the first?

CHAPTER 7

History

7.1 0.1.0 (2018-01-03)

- First release on PyPI.

7.2 0.1.2 (2018-01-10)

- endpoints indexing
- Robust testing with mocked and real interchangeable backends .

7.3 0.2.1 (2018-01-12)

- EU member states VAT rate helpers for B2C transactions
- FAKTUOWNIA_TIMEOUT setting for request timeout

7.4 0.2.2 (2018-01-18)

- Payload data cleanup from readonly fields so get().put() is possible

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